Village Visit Study

VILLAGE : PATIMATLA MANDAL: MOTHKUR DISTRICT: NALGONDA

08 11 2013

Demography

	Male	Female	Total
SC	22	16	38
ST	0	0	0
Others	591	606	1197
Total	613	622	1235

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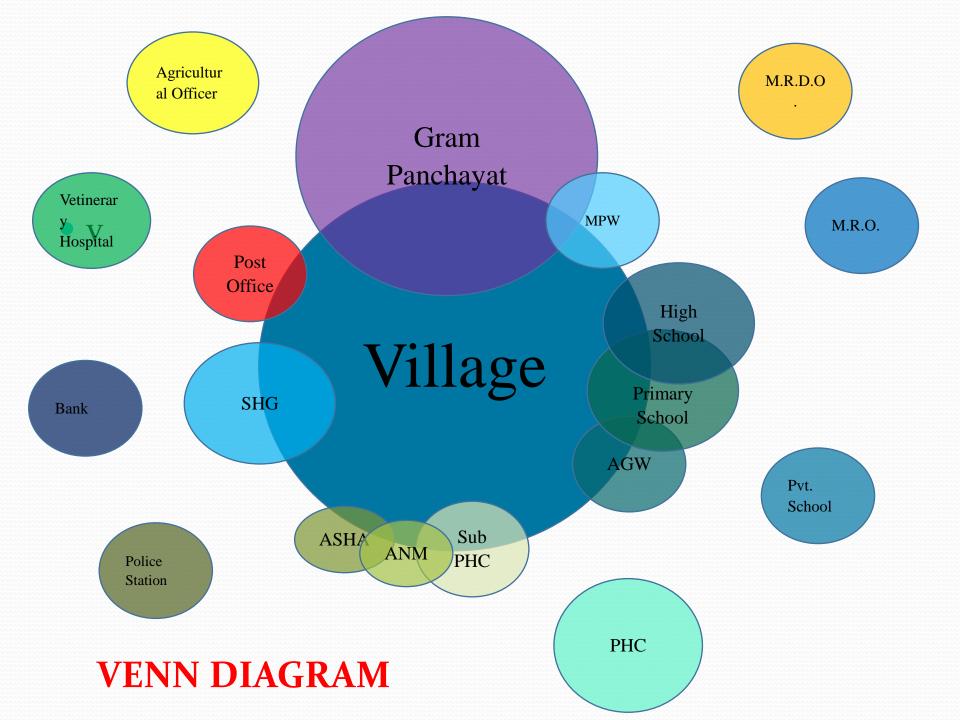
- Dineral Water Plant
 Handoom machinery
 Sericulture shed
 - School K.G. 10th, Aanganwadi
 - DRDA, Poultry farm
 - Milk Centre
 - SHG, NGO
 - Post Office, PHC Sub Centre, PDS etc

05 11 2013



- Transact Walk
- Resource and Social mapping
- Preference Ranking
- Venn/Chapati Diagram
- Seasonality Charts





EDUCATION

రాష్ట్రదు మార్కటిక శిక్వాళాయాన్ జిల్లా పరిషిత్ ఉన్నత పాళ్ళశాల, పాటిమట్ల

MAIN PROBLEMS OF VILLAGE SCHOOL

- Total structure of this school is not good
- Less rooms available
- No furniture, carpet, mat for students
- Very less literate parents
- No electricity for class rooms



MAIN PROBLEMS OF VILLAGE SCHOOL (contd...)

- No separate toilets for girls
- Migration
- Early marriage
- Child labour
- Lack of sport equipment
- No library, laboratory

BECAUSE OF THESE PROBLEMS.....

- People send their children to private schools
- High cost of private education
- Average cost per year of a student around 15000
- Strain on family budget

OTHERS SCHEMES....

- SARVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN
- MID DAY MEAL SCHEME
- ANGANWADI CENTER
- RAJIV VIDYA MISSION



SOME HOPE FOR FUTURE.....

SUGGESTIONS

- School should be upto higher secondary level
- Improve infrastructure
- Introduce scholarship scheme

Agriculture

Economy: Agrarian

Main Crops: Paddy, Cotton, Sericulture

• Soil: Red and Black

Сгор	Area under cultivation (in acres)				
Cotton	800				
Paddy	300				
Mulberry	40				
Green Gram	40				
Sesame	5				
Others (Groundnut, jowar, mirchi)					

Major Issues

- Lack of marketing facilities
- Absence of government warehouses
- Affected by flash floods

Recommendations

- Create marketing facilities for agricultural produce
- Cut down on the brokers/dalals between farmers and market



Issues

- Less participation of women in meetings
- Less alternative sources of revenue

Recommendations

- Organise meetings to educate people
- Train the panchayat and the ward members



Preference Ranking – Causes of Poverty

Causes	Sh. Ramchandrulu	Smt. Laxmi	Sh. Y.L. Redy	Sh. Mothe Reddv	Smt. Swarajya	Smt. Yashoda	Sh. Bishan Reddv	Sh. Yadagiri	Smt. L.Amma	Smt. Lavanya	Smt. Sukamma	Total	Rank
Landlessn ess	1	5	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	21	1
Gambling and Liquor	2	4	4	4	3	3	6	3	4	3	4	40	4
Illiteracy	3	2	3	5	4	2	3	2	3	2	3	32	3
Low wages	6	6	7	2	7	5	5	6	5	5	7	61	5
Ignorance of schemes	5	3	6	6	6	6	4	5	7	7	6	61	5
Indebtedne ss	7	7	5	7	5	7	7	7	6	6	5	69	6
Out of pocket	4	1	2	1	1	4	2	4	2	1	2	24	2
expenses													

SOLUTIONS

- Expand income opportunities in the farm sector
- Increase access to primary and higher education-stress on learning outcomes and skill development
- Create rural non farm jobs
- Create awareness about the schemes



PERCEPTION OF VILLAGERS

- Importance of nutrition in health and prevention of diseases
- Mid-day Meal Scheme
- Not very much sensitive about the specific diseases of the females
- Pregnant women given special attention both during the ante-natal and post-natal period
- Common diseases: Fever, Cold, Tuberculosis, Filariasis, Leprosy, Ante-respiratory Infections (ARI), Haemphilia

STATUS OF HEALTH FACILITIES

Sub-PHC

- Immunization programmes covering the diseases viz. Polio, BCG, DPT, Hepatitis-B, Japanese Encephalitis
- cold chain maintenance for vaccines
- Vitamin A injections
- Iron tablets
- no facilities for the diagnosis and treatment of the diseases
- Family Planning Services

- ASHA worker
- Jwahar Bala ArogyaRaksha (JBAR)
- Village Health and
 Sanitation Committee
 (VHSC)
- Aanganwadi

Barriers to Access to Health Care

- Para-medical not proficient enough to cater to the health requirements of all the villagers.
- Huge out-of-pocket expenses for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases
- PHC far from the village
- Male insensitivity to child and female among the villagers
- Lack of credibility of government hospital among the villagers
- Emergency facilities for the villagers (108)
- Absence of special transport facilities for the patients
- Drugs for other important diseases were not available

Public Health Service

- No drainage system in the village
- No drains constructed for disposal of waste water
- Mineral water treatment plant on a cooperative basis by all the villagers
- Sources of drinking water
- Govt. run drinking water scheme
- Majority of the households in the village had toilets constructed in their house
- Nirmal Gram Puruskar

FEEDBACK

- Lack of knowledge of local language
- More intervention by the government officials in the study



THANK YOU





